KIT CARSON COUNTY

Kit Carson County Airport (ITR) is a public-use general aviation airport in eastern Colorado, located approximately three miles south of the City of Burlington. The airport is owned and operated by Kit Carson County. ITR has a single asphalt runway (15/33) that is 5,201 feet long by 75 feet wide and is equipped with a non-precision instrument approach. The airport sits less than four miles south of Interstate 70 and provides easy access from the airport to several communities in the surrounding region. ITR supports a variety of activities including business/corporate flying, and aerial inspections, and aerial crop application. ITR is a vital resource for the community as it is used to transport physicians, patients, and medical supplies to and from the surrounding communities and larger cities.

Airport Classification

The 2020 Colorado Aviation System Plan (CASP) has identified six functional classifications for Colorado's 65 publicly-owned, public-use airports and one privately-owned, public-use airport. The six classifications were newly developed for the 2020 CASP and replace the roles previously developed in the 2011 study. These classifications follow the Federal Aviation Administration's (FAA) role categories as defined by the National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS) and the ASSET study. However, the CASP expands upon these roles to create more specific classifications for airports that are not included in the NPIAS. Airports that are included in the NPIAS are eligible for federal funding. As of the 2019 NPIAS publication, 48 publicly-owned airports and one privately-owned airport in the Colorado airport system are included in the NPIAS, while 17 publicly-owned airports are not.

Kit Carson County Airport is one of 19 airports in Colorado classified as a GA-Local airport. GA-Local airports are classified as having on-site weather reporting and occasionally supporting IFR flight operations. GA-Local airports are the most common classification of airport and link smaller population centers to the national airport system. Airports in this role are primarily used by piston aircraft for personal and business purposes and frequently accommodate flight training, emergency medical services, and/or charter passenger services.





Frequent Airport Activities







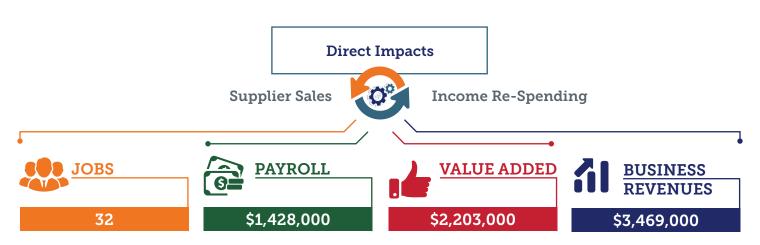


Kit Carson County Features

明	Associated City/County	Burlington/Kit Carson
	Associated OEDIT Region	5 - Central Plains Region
		Plains Region
	FAA GA ASSET Classification	Local
**	Annual Operations (2018)	8,000
344.	σρ (Δ)	
×	Number of Based Aircraft (2018)	20
	Runway(s)	1
#	Air Traffic Control Tower	No

Economic Impacts of ITR

The 2020 Colorado Aviation Economic Impact Study (CEIS) measured the economic impacts of all airports in the state. Kit Carson County is one of 56 general aviation airports contributing to the state's aviation economic impacts. The components that comprise the total economic impacts for ITR are summarized below. Visit the project website to learn more about the methodology used to determine the economic impacts of ITR and all other Colorado airports.



Airport Needs and Recommendations

The 2020 CASP identified several performance measures (PMs) and facility and service objectives (FSOs) to provide a baseline for the infrastructure, facilities, and service capabilities required to best support the type and volume of aviation activity typified by each classification. The CASP identified gaps between the airport's existing condition and the needs to satisfy PMs, FSOs, and/or future facility needs driven by aviation demand forecasts. It is important to note that the PMs and FSOs are not requirements or mandates for airports to meet, rather, they serve as guidelines for airports and CDOT Division of Aeronautics to use during the airport planning process. Airports considered to be deficient in meeting the PMs and/or FSOs were reviewed to determine the recommended projects needed to satisfy those components.

Planning level costs were developed for recommended projects and were associated with the appropriate goal category, PM, or FSO. These costs were developed based on 2019 Colorado material costs and industry knowledge and were adjusted to reflect cost differentials between types, sizes, and locations of airports. Projects and associated costs from available airport master plans and the CDOT 20-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) were also incorporated into the CASP to provide an estimate of the airport's needs based on meeting PMs and FSOs as well as forecasted future demand. The project cost estimates for Kit Carson County to meet appropriate goals, PMs, and FSOs, and projects identified by the airport from other planning efforts, are categorized by project type in the following chart.



Airport Project Costs by Type





Airport Report Card

Facility and service objectives (FSOs) were developed for each of the six airport classifications in the 2020 CASP. The following table details the FSOs and corresponding performance of Kit Carson County. These objectives were analyzed in conjunction with the other performance measures (PMs) to determine the airport's project needs and associated costs.

Objective Category	GA-Local Objective	Current Condition		Meets 2020 Objective?		
		Airfield				
ARC	B-II		В	-11		Yes
Runway Length	Accommodate 100% of small aircraft adjusted for elevation and mean maximum daily temp during hottest month	5,199 feet (5,600 feet)		No		
Runway Width	75 feet 75 feet		Yes			
Runway Strength	30,000 pounds 17,000 lbs SW; 17,000 lbs DW			No		
Гахіwау	Partial parallel	Partial parallel		Yes		
Runway Markings	Non-precision	Non-precision		Yes		
·	Ligi	hting/NAVAIDS				
Approach	Non-precision	Non-precision		Yes		
Visual Aids	Rotating heacon, lighted wind		/GSIs	Yes		
Runway Lighting	MIRL	MIRL			Yes	
Weather Reporting	On-site ASOS, AWOS, or Automated Unicom	ASOS			Yes	
	Ai	rport Facilities				
Terminal (CS and/or GA)	Facility with restrooms, pilot- lounge, and Wi-Fi	Facility with restrooms, flight planning space, Wi- Fi, and rest area		Yes		
Apron Tie-Downs	Tie-downs for 50% of based aircraft fleet plus 25% of weekly average overnight transient storage during peak season	50% of based aircraft fleet plus 25% transient aircraft fleet:	12	Total tie-down spaces:	13	Yes
Hangars	Hangars for 50% of based aircraft fleet and 25% of weekly average overnight transient storage	50% of based aircraft fleet:	12	Number of based aircraft hangar spaces:	18	Yes
		25% of transient aircraft fleet:	0	Number of transient aircraft hangar spaces:	2	
Dedicated Maintenance/SRE Storage Building	Yes Yes					Yes
Electric Vehicle Charging Stations	ric Vehicle Charging Yes No				No	
AOA 3-wire fencing with appropriate signage AOA 3-wire fencing with appropriate signage						Yes
	So	ervices/Other				
et A Fuel 24/7 (Self-Serve or Call Out) 24/7 (Self-Serve or Call Out)					Yes	
AvGas Fuel	tuel 24/7 (Self-Serve or Call-Out) 24/7 (Self-Serve or Call Out)			Yes		
Aircraft De-icing Based on community		None			Based on community ne	
Courtesy Car	esy Car Yes Yes				Yes	
Sustainability Plan	Based on community need No					Based on community ne
	Minima	ums for All Airpor	tc			



