2020 IS Colorado Aviation System Plan and Economic Impact Study

HOLYOKE

Holyoke Municipal Airport (HEQ) is a general aviation airport in northeastern Colorado, located approximately one mile southeast of Holyoke. The airport is owned and operated by the City of Holyoke. HEQ has a single asphalt runway (14/32) that is 5,000 feet long by 75 feet wide and is equipped with a non-precision instrument approach. The airport is frequently used by recreational visitors and corporate jet aircraft visiting the Ballyneal Golf Course. Additionally, the airport supports aerial crop application and aerial inspections of the surrounding farmland. HEQ also works with the Melissa Memorial Hospital to transport doctors, patients, and supplies to and from Holyoke, making the airfield a vital resource for the community.

Airport Classification

The 2020 Colorado Aviation System Plan (CASP) has identified six functional classifications for Colorado's 65 publicly-owned, public-use airports and one privately-owned, public-use airport. The six classifications were newly developed for the 2020 CASP and replace the roles previously developed in the 2011 study. These classifications follow the Federal Aviation Administration's (FAA) role categories as defined by the National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS) and the ASSET study. However, the CASP expands upon these roles to create more specific classifications for airports that are not included in the NPIAS. Airports that are included in the NPIAS are eligible for federal funding. As of the 2019 NPIAS publication, 48 publicly-owned airports and one privately-owned airport in the Colorado airport system are included in the NPIAS, while 17 publicly-owned airports are not.

Holyoke Municipal Airport is one of 16 airports in Colorado classified as a GA-Community airport. GA-Community airports are defined as being publicly-owned and having at least 10 based aircraft or being located 30 miles from the nearest NPIAS airport. Additionally, these facilities can support Native American communities and/or are used by federal government agencies. GA-Community airports often support quality-of-life activities such as emergency services and medical transport and can provide economic benefits to surrounding areas.



HEO

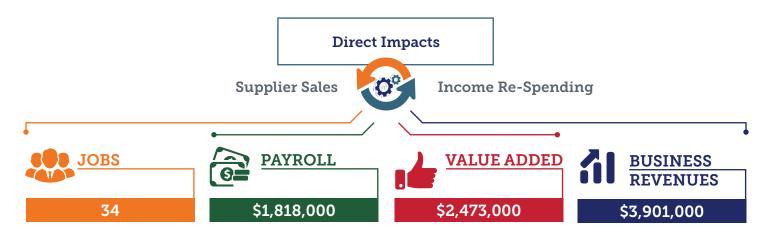


Holyoke Features

Associated City/County	Holyoke/Phillips
Associated OEDIT Region	1 - Golden Plains Region
FAA GA ASSET Classification	Basic
Annual Operations (2018)	8,500
Number of Based Aircraft (2018)	9
Runway(s)	1
Air Traffic Control Tower	No

Economic Impacts of HEQ

The 2020 Colorado Aviation Economic Impact Study (CEIS) measured the economic impacts of all airports in the state. Holyoke is one of 56 general aviation airports contributing to the state's aviation economic impacts. The components that comprise the total economic impacts for HEQ are summarized below. Visit the project website to learn more about the methodology used to determine the economic impacts of HEQ and all other Colorado airports.





Airport Needs and Recommendations

The 2020 CASP identified several performance measures (PMs) and facility and service objectives (FSOs) to provide a baseline for the infrastructure, facilities, and service capabilities required to best support the type and volume of aviation activity typified by each classification. The CASP identified gaps between the airport's existing condition and the needs to satisfy PMs, FSOs, and/or future facility needs driven by aviation demand forecasts. It is important to note that the PMs and FSOs are not requirements or mandates for airports to meet, rather, they serve as guidelines for airports and CDOT Division of Aeronautics to use during the airport planning process. Airports considered to be deficient in meeting the PMs and/or FSOs were reviewed to determine the recommended projects needed to satisfy those components.

Planning level costs were developed for recommended projects and were associated with the appropriate goal category, PM, or FSO. These costs were developed based on 2019 Colorado material costs and industry knowledge and were adjusted to reflect cost differentials between types, sizes, and locations of airports. Projects and associated costs from available airport master plans and the CDOT 20-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) were also incorporated into the CASP to provide an estimate of the airport's needs based on meeting PMs and FSOs as well as forecasted future demand. The project cost estimates for Holyoke to meet appropriate goals, PMs, and FSOs, and projects identified by the airport from other planning efforts, are categorized by project type in the following chart.

Did You Know?

Although Holyoke has a population of only 2,100 people, HEQ frequently receives large corporate aircraft from around the country. These aircraft bring passengers to play golf at Ballyneal Golf and Hunt Club, located 11 miles south of Holyoke. The club offers exquisite amenities for its members and the links-style course provides golfers with a unique and challenging experience that has been ranked as one of the top 100 courses in the country.

Airport Project Costs by Type





Airport Report Card

Facility and service objectives (FSOs) were developed for each of the six airport classifications in the 2020 CASP. The following table details the FSOs and corresponding performance of Holyoke. These objectives were analyzed in conjunction with the other performance measures (PMs) to determine the airport's project needs and associated costs.

Objective Category	GA-Community Objective	Current Condition			Meets 2020 Objective?		
Airfield							
ARC	B-I	B-II		Yes			
Runway Length	Accommodate 95% small aircraft adjusted for elevation and mean maximum daily temp during hottest month	5,000 feet (5,000 feet)			Yes		
Runway Width	60 feet	75 feet			Yes		
Runway Strength	12,500 pounds	12,500 lbs SW			Yes		
Taxiway	Turn-arounds	Partial parallel			Yes		
Runway Markings	Non-precision	Non-precision			Yes		
Lighting/NAVAIDS							
Approach	Non-precision	Non-precision		Yes			
Visual Aids	Rotating beacon, lighted wind cone, REILs, VGSIs	Rotating beacon, lighted wind cone, REILs, VGSIs		Yes			
Runway Lighting	MIRL	MIRL		Yes			
Weather Reporting	On-site ASOS, AWOS, or Automated Unicom	AWOS-3			Yes		
Airport Facilities							
Terminal (CS and/or GA)	Facility with restrooms, pilot-lounge, and Wi-Fi	Facility with restrooms, pilot-lounge, Wi-Fi, and rest area		Yes			
Apron Tie-Downs	Tie-downs for 60% of based aircraft fleet plus 25% of weekly average overnight transient storage during peak season	60% of based aircraft fleet plus 25% transient aircraft fleet:	9	Total tie- down spaces:	8	Νο	
Hangars	Hangars for 40% of based aircraft fleet	40% of based aircraft fleet:	6	Number of based aircraft hangar spaces:	17	Yes	
Dedicated Maintenance/SRE Storage Building	Based on community need	No			Based on community need		
Electric Vehicle Charging Stations	Based on community need	No			Based on community need		
Perimeter Security	AOA 3-wire fencing with appropriate signage	AOA 3-wire fencing with appropriate signage			Yes		
	Services	s/Other					
Jet A Fuel	Based on community need	24/7 (Self-Serve or Call Out)			Based on community need		
AvGas Fuel	24/7 (Self-Serve or Call-Out)	24/7 (Self-Serve or Call Out)			Yes		
Aircraft De-icing	Based on community need	None			Based on community need		
Courtesy Car	Yes	Yes				Yes	
Sustainability Plan	Based on community need	No			Based on community need		
Minimums for All Airports							
Restroom (24-hr accessible)√	Cell Phone Service ✓	Airport Layo	out Pl	an (ALP)	\checkmark	Wi-Fi Service √	

🖌 coloradoaviationsystem.com



Kimley **»Horn**

With support provided by EBP US, KRAMER aerotek, and Metropolitan State University of Denver.